



IEC 61298-2

Edition 3.0 2026-06

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

REDLINE VERSION

**Process measurement and control devices - General methods and procedures  
for evaluating performance -  
Part 2: Tests under reference conditions**

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	3
INTRODUCTION.....	5
1 Scope.....	6
2 Normative references .....	6
3 Terms and definitions .....	6
4 Accuracy related factors .....	9
4.1 Test procedures and precautions .....	9
4.1.1 Selection of ranges for test.....	9
4.1.2 Preconditioning cycles.....	10
4.1.3 Number of measurement cycles and test points .....	10
4.1.4 Additional tests where digital inputs and outputs are provided .....	11
4.1.5 Measurement procedure.....	11
4.1.6 Processing of the measured values .....	11
4.1.7 Determination of accuracy related factors.....	12
4.1.8 Presentation of the results.....	16
4.2 Specific testing procedures and precautions for the determination of dead band .....	16
4.2.1 Selection of ranges for test and preconditioning .....	16
4.2.2 Measurement procedure.....	16
4.2.3 Presentation of the results.....	17
5 Dynamic behaviour.....	17
5.1 General considerations .....	17
5.2 General testing procedures and precautions .....	17
5.3 Frequency response .....	18
5.4 Step response.....	19
6 Functional characteristic.....	20
6.1 General.....	20
6.2 Input resistance of an electrical device .....	20
6.3 Insulation of electrical devices .....	21
6.3.1 General considerations .....	21
6.3.2 Insulation resistance.....	21
6.3.3 Dielectric strength.....	22
6.4 Power consumption.....	22
6.4.1 Electrical power consumption .....	22
6.4.2 Air consumption.....	22
6.5 Output ripple of a device with an electrical DC output .....	23
6.6 Air flow characteristics of a pneumatic device .....	23
6.6.1 Initial setting up .....	23
6.6.2 Delivered flow $Q_1$ .....	23
6.6.3 Exhausted flow $Q_2$ .....	24
6.6.4 Data presentation .....	24
6.7 Limits of adjustments of lower range value and span .....	25
6.8 Switching differential.....	25
7 Drift.....	25
7.1 Start-up drift .....	25
7.2 Long-term drift .....	26

Bibliography.....	27
Figure 1 – Error curves .....	15
Figure 2 – Two examples of frequency response .....	19
Figure 3 – <del>Two</del> Examples of undamped and damped response to a step input.....	20
Figure 4 – Test set-up for input resistance .....	21
Figure 5 – Test arrangement for measurement of airflow characteristics .....	23
Figure 6 – Typical air flow characteristics .....	24
Table 1 – Settings of span and lower range value adjustments .....	10
Table 2 – Number of measurement cycles and number and location of test points .....	11
Table 3 – Typical table of device errors .....	13
Table 4 – Dielectric strength test voltages .....	22

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

---

**Process measurement and control devices -  
General methods and procedures for evaluating performance -  
Part 2: Tests under reference conditions**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at <https://patents.iec.ch>. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 61298-2:2008. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 61298-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 65B: Measurement and control devices, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Process measurement transmitters (PMT) have been removed from the scope of this standard.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
65B/1311/FDIS	65B/1322/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/publications](http://www.iec.ch/publications).

A list of all parts of the IEC 61298 series, under the general title *Process measurement and control devices - General methods and procedures for evaluating performance*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

## INTRODUCTION

This document is ~~not intended as a substitute for existing standards, but is rather~~ intended as a reference document for any future standards developed within the IEC or other standards organizations, concerning the evaluation of process instrumentation. ~~Any revision of existing standards should take this standard into account,~~ except process measurement transmitters (PMT) which are standardized by the IEC 62828 series.

This common standardized basis ~~should~~ can be utilized for the preparation of future relevant standards, as follows:

- any test method or procedure, already treated in this document, ~~should~~ will be specified and described in the new standard by referring to the corresponding clause of this document. Consequently, new editions of this document are revised without any change in numbering and scope of each clause;
- any particular method or procedure, not covered by this document, ~~should~~ will be developed and specified in the new standard in accordance with the criteria, as far as they are applicable, stated in this document;
- any conceptual or significant deviation from the content of this document, ~~should~~ will clearly be identified and justified if introduced in a new standard.

## 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61298 specifies general methods and procedures for conducting tests and reporting on the functional and performance characteristics of process ~~measurement and control devices~~ instrumentation except process measurement transmitters (PMT) which are standardized by IEC 62828 series. The tests are applicable to any such devices characterized by their own specific input and output variables, and by the specific relationship (transfer function) between the inputs and outputs and include analogue and digital devices. For devices that require special tests, this standard ~~should~~ can be used, together with any product specific standard specifying special tests.

This document covers tests made under reference conditions.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-300, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Electrical and electronic measurements and measuring instruments - Part 311: General terms relating to measurements - Part 312: General terms relating to electrical measurements - Part 313: Types of electrical measuring instruments - Part 314: Specific terms according to the type of instrument*, available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

IEC 60050-351, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 351: Control technology*, available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

IEC 61010-1, *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61298-1:2026, *Process measurement and control devices - General methods and procedures for evaluating performance - Part 1: General considerations*

## Bibliography

IEC 60050-845:2020, *International electrotechnical vocabulary (IEV) - Part 845: Lighting*

IEC 62828 (all parts), *Reference conditions and procedures for testing industrial and process measurement transmitters*

---